

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

This chapter presents two sections, conclusion and suggestion. After analyzing and interpreting the obtained data in the previous chapter, the conclusion is taken as last part of the research. The conclusion below is the answer of research question of this research. Then, the following part of this chapter is suggestion to the next research.

A. Conclusions

Based on the finding of the data analysis presented in the previous chapter, the researcher concludes this research into some points:

1. The semantic is the philological and scientific study of meaning. The kinds of semantic which researcher focus are literal meaning and deixis. Literal meaning is the meaning of a word in isolation. Deixis is expression of words, phrases and features of grammar that have to be interpreted in relation to the situation in which they are uttered.
2. Literal meaning has many kinds, and in this analysis the writer explains only some of them related to the data to be researched and the types of literal meaning are synonymy, hyponymy, antonymy, denotation, connotation, homonym, homophone, polysemy, and ambiguity

3. literal meaning which were found in surah al-Fatihah by Abdullah Yusuf Ali's translation are synonym, denotation, connotation, polysemy, hyponym. For the kinds of deixis are found in surah al-Fatihah by Abdullah Yusuf Ali's Translation are person deixis, temporal deixis, and spatial deixis

B. Suggestions

After analyzing and presenting data in this research, then the researcher concludes the data in this part, the researcher proposes suggestions likely;

1. Through this research, the researcher hopes that the research will be helpful for other researcher and whoever who will make further study semantic as academic reference.
2. This research hopefully will be useful for English Education Department of Education faculty of Walisongo State University of Islamic Studies to enrich the sources of semantic studies which is definitely necessary to help English teaching.
3. Through this research, the teacher can combine between the teaching of meaning and several of surahs in holy Koran such as al-Fatihah for meaningful or purposeful learning.
4. This research is not perfect yet. Thus, the readers are expected to research the study of semantic. In order that, the study in this field become richer and deeper.